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# ISU McNay Research Farm Timeline

McNay Memorial Research and Demonstration Farm

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# ISU McNay Research Farm Timeline Disciplines Agricultural Science | Agriculture

## ISU McNay Research Farm Timeline

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1956	Harry and Winnie McNay donated their farm to ISU Alumni Achievement Fund.
1957	Beef cattle crossbreeding project with Hereford and Angus began.
1958	First calves from an ISU research project were born.
1961	Charolais and Brown Swiss bulls were introduced.
1963	Calving 2-year-old heifers was researched and recommended.
1964	Lineville Farm herd was combined with the McNay herd.
1965	Improved pastures of bromegrass, orchardgrass, alfalfa, and birdsfoot trefoil were established.
1967	Albia Farm was closed and the cattle moved to McNay Farm.
1967	West Barn cattle complex was constructed including silos, automated feed bunks, covered pens, and handling facilities.
1967	New cattle breeding study was started combining beef and dairy breeds of Angus, Hereford, Holstein, and Brown Swiss.
1972	Fall calving beef herd was established.
1972	Early weaning (45 days) of calves was documented and researched through 1986.
1973	Corn herbicide plots were established.
1975	Harry McNay died and McNay Farm title was transferred to Iowa State University.
1975	Dennis Maxwell started as beef cattle research manager.
1976	Extensive grazing research trials were started on pastures of reed canarygrass,
1970	brome/alfalfa/orchardgrsss, or birdsfoot trefoil/tall fescue.
1977	Jim Secor started as superintendent.
1977	Feeding of intact bulls was reported.
1978	Preconditioning of calves was researched.
1981	No-till corn was planted for first time in cornstalks.
1981	Prostaglandin was used to synchronize estrus in beef cows.
1982	Ridge-till corn was planted. Also no-till corn was planted in brome sod.
1982	Large round hay bale research on storage techniques and losses was under way.
1982	Research on bovine respiratory diseases was initiated.
1983	Research on growth of cattle with different frame sizes was published.
1984	Synthetic beef cattle lines were developed using Angus, Jersey, and Simmental
	breeds.
1985	Forestry research on CRP land was conducted.
1986	Tillage system comparisons for corn was reported.
1986	Large round hay bale density studies was conducted.
1986	Wet corn gluten feed trials were conducted.
1987	Demonstration home garden was started.
1987	Spring calving cowherd was expanded.
1988	Real-time ultrasound was used to evaluate muscling and fatness of live beef cattle.
1988	Herbaceous energy crops were grown for biomass yield research started.
1989	Ewe flock was moved from Beaconsfield Farm to McNay Farm.
1989	New sheep research facility was constructed.
1989	Beef cow enterprise records were compiled for the McNay cowherd.
1989	Automated wood-fired, hot water boiler system project installed.
1989–93	New headquarters building including shop, offices, and restrooms was constructed.

1990	Bovine viral diarrhea (BVD) research was conducted.
1990	Summer annual forages were evaluated for sheep pasture.
1993	Energy plantations (trees) were planted.
1995	Stockpiled winter grazing was reported.
1996	Pasture weaning of beef calves was reported.
1997	Year-round grazing system for beef cows was documented.
1997	Electronic estrus detection experiences were discussed.
1997	New breeding project was started with McNay cows as recipients for Angus embryos.
1999	Organic soybeans were grown on CRP land.
1999–2000	Meeting room was added to headquarters building.
2000	Field days for more than 400 area third-grade students were conducted.
2000	Tile drainage work was installed.
2003	2.35 lambs were weaned per mature ewe with lamb survival from birth to weaning of
	87%.
2003	Pinkeye in cattle was researched.
2004	Soybean aphid control studies were conducted.
2004	McNay crossbred cowherd was sold.
2004	Purebred Angus cowherd was moved from Rhodes Farm to McNay farm.
2005	Soybean rust sentinel plot was planted.
2005	Lamb survival rate birth to weaning was 90%.
2006	McNay Research Farm celebrates its 50-year anniversary.