# **On-Farm Corn and Soybean Population Demonstration Trials**

### **RFR-A1937**

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## Introduction

Corn and soybean planting is one of the most critical operations of the season. As corn and soybean seed prices continue to rise, and grain prices fall, it is important for farmers to find a population that maximizes both yield and profit. Planting too high of a corn population can result in increased barrenness and thus lower yields, but too low of a population also can result in lower yields. Past studies have indicated soybean yields are similar across a wide range of populations, but too low of a population can result in reduced yields and too high of a population can reduce profits. The objective of these trials was to investigate the effect of various plant populations on corn and soybean yield.

#### **Materials and Methods**

In 2019, six trials investigated the effects of various plant populations on corn yield, and five trials investigated the effects of various plant populations on soybean yield (Table 1). Some of the trials were conducted on-farm by farmer cooperators using the farmer's equipment, and some trials were conducted on research farms. Strips were arranged in a randomized complete block design with at least three replications per treatment. Strip length and width varied from field-to-field

depending on field and equipment size. All plots were machine harvested for grain yield.

Soybean Trial 1 investigated a planting population of 100,000 seeds/acre versus 130,000 seeds/acre (Table 2). Soybean Trial 2 investigated planting populations of 90,000, 110,000, 125,000, and 140,000 seeds/acre. In soybean Trial 3, two varieties were planted on two planting dates and at three populations. The planting populations were 100,000, 125,000 and 165,000 seeds/acre. In soybean Trials 4 and 5, planting populations of 120,000, 140,000, and 160,000 seeds/acre were investigated.

In corn Trials 6 and 7, planting populations of 28,000, 32,000, and 36,000 seeds/acre were investigated. In corn Trial 8, planting populations of 30,000, 32,000, 34,000, 36,000, and 38,000 seeds/acre were investigated. In corn Trial 9 a planting population of 26,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 32,000 seeds/acre. In corn Trial 10, planting populations of 30,000, 32,000, 34,000, and 36,000 seeds/acre were investigated. In corn Trial 11, a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population of 34,000 seeds/acre was compared with a planting population on 37,000 seeds/acre.

## **Results and Discussion**

In soybean Trial 1, there was no difference in yield between a planting population of 100,000 and 130,000 seeds/acre (Table 2). In soybean Trial 2 there was no difference in yield with planting populations from 90,000 to 140,000 seeds/acre. In soybean Trial 3, there was no difference in yield with the three populations from 100,000 to 165,000 seeds/acre within each variety and planting date. However, Croplan CP1788X planted May 16 yielded more than Asgrow AG24X9 planted April 26 at the populations of 100,000 and 125,000 seeds/acre and also yielded more than Asgrow AG24X9 planted May 16 at a population of 100,000 seeds/acre. In soybean Trial 4, there was no difference in yield with planting populations from 120,000 to 160,000 seeds/acre. In soybean Trial 5, the soybeans planted at 160,00 seeds/acre yielded three bushels/acre more than the soybeans planted at 140,00 seeds/acre but there was no difference in yield to the soybeans planted at 120,000 seeds/acre (P = 0.05). Past studies have indicated that soybean yields are similar with a wide range of seeding rates. It is usually recommended to seed about 140,000 seeds/acre in order to have a final plant stand of 100,000 plants/acre or more. These trials indicate seeding rates less than 140,000 seeds/acre may be sufficient, although results will likely vary from year-to-year.

There was not a significant difference in yield among the various planting populations in any of the corn trials. This includes a population of as low as 26,000 seeds/acre in corn Trial 6 and as high as 38,000 seeds/acre in corn Trial 8.

Seeding rates of 35,000 seeds/acre or more are usually recommended. Based on these trials, it is apparent that seeding rates of as low as 28,000 seeds/acre may be adequate for maximum corn yields. Thus, there may be opportunities for some farmers to reduce their seeding rates, although results will likely vary from year-to-year.

NOTE: The results presented are from replicated demonstration trials. Statistics are used to detect differences at a location and should not be interpreted beyond the single location.

				Row		Planting		
Exp.				spacing	Planting	population	Previous	
no.	Trial	County	Variety	(in.)	date	(seeds/ac)	crop	Tillage
190101	1	Lyon	Pioneer	30	6/5/19	100,000	Corn	Soil finisher
			P18A98X			130,000		
190117	2	Sioux	Pioneer	30	5/14/19	90,000	Corn	No-till
			P19A14X			110,000		
190123	3	Lyon	Croplan	30	4/26/19	100,000	Corn	No-till
			RX1788		5/16/19	125,000		
			Asgrow			165,000		
			AG24X9					
190301	4	Monona	LG 2898LL	30	5/19/19	120,000	Corn	No-till
						140,000		
10000	-			•	- 4 - 4 0	160,000	~	N.T. 111
190302	5	Monona	LG C1870R2	30	5/17/19	120,000	Corn	No-till
						140,000		
100202	(			20	5/15/10	160,000	<b>C</b> 1	AT
190303	6	Monona	LG 59C66	30	5/15/19	28,000	Soybean	No-till
						32,000		
100204	7	Manana	105565	20	5/15/10	36,000	Carleson	N., 4:11
190304	/	Monona	LG 3303	30	3/13/19	28,000	Soybean	INO-UIII
						32,000		
100/11	0	Uanaalt	Wriffels 4706	20	5/15/10	30,000	Souhaan	Conventional
190411	0	HallCOCK	wyneis 4790	30	5/15/19	36,000	Soybean	Conventional
						38,000		
100600	0	Cass	Enleys	30	5/6/10	26,000	Souhean	No_till
190009	9	Cass	Epicys	50	5/0/19	32,000	Soybean	110-011
190715	10	Washington	Pioneer	30	6/3/19	30,000	Sovhean	No-till
170/15	10	,, ushington	P1197AMXT	50	0.011)	32,000	Soybean	110 111
190716	11	Washington	Pioneer	30	6/3/19	34 000	Sovhean	No-till
170,10	••	ushington	P1197AMXT	20	0.0.17	37,000	20,0 <b>0</b> 411	

Table 1. Variety, row spacing, planting date, planting population, previous crop, and	tillage practices in the
2019 population trials on corn and soybean.	

Exp.			Yield	Р-
no.	Trial	Treatment	(bu/ac) <sup>a</sup>	value <sup>b</sup>
190101	1	Planted at 100,000 seeds/ac	57 a	0.17
		Planted at 130,000 seeds/ac	58 a	
190117	2	Planted at 90,000 seeds/ac	61 a	0.96
		Planted at 110,000 seeds/ac	61a	
		Planted at 125,000 seeds/ac	61 a	
		Planted at 140,000 seeds/ac	62 a	
190123	3	Croplan CP1788X planted at 100,000 seeds/ac 4/26/19	71 abc	< 0.01
		Croplan CP1788X planted at 125,000 seeds/ac 4/26/19	72 ab	
		Croplan CP1788X planted at 165,000 seeds/ac 4/26/19	72 ab	
		Croplan CP1788X planted at 100,000 seeds/ac 5/16/19	73 a	
		Croplan CP1788X planted at 125,000 seeds/ac 5/16/19	73 a	
		Croplan CP1788X planted at 165,000 seeds/ac 5/16/19	73 a	
		Asgrow AG24X9 planted at 100,000 seeds/ac 4/26/19	66 c	
		Asgrow AG24X9 planted at 125,000 seeds/ac 4/26/19	66 c	
		Asgrow AG24X9 planted at 165,000 seeds/ac 4/26/19	69 abc	
		Asgrow AG24X9 planted at 100,000 seeds/ac 5/16/19	68 bc	
		Asgrow AG24X9 planted at 125,000 seeds/ac 5/16/19	69 abc	
		Asgrow AG24X9 planted at 165,000 seeds/ac 5/16/19	70 abc	
190301	4	Planted at 120,000 seeds/ac	69 a	0.30
		Planted at 140,000 seeds/ac	73 a	
10000	_	Planted at 160,000 seeds/ac	71 a	
190302	5	Planted at 120,000 seeds/ac	59 ab	0.05
		Planted at 140,000 seeds/ac	58 b	
100202	1	Planted at 160,000 seeds/ac	61 a	0.25
190303	6	Planted at 28,000 seeds/ac	221 a	0.35
		Planted at 32,000 seeds/ac	224 a	
100204	-	Planted at 36,000 seeds/ac	215 a	0.00
190304	1	Planted at 28,000 seeds/ac	239 a	0.99
		Planted at 32,000 seeds/ac	240 a	
100411	0	Planted at 36,000 seeds/ac	240 a	0.42
190411	8	Planted at 30,000 seeds/ac	185 a	0.43
		Planted at 32,000 seeds/ac	180 a	
		Planted at 34,000 seeds/ac	18/a	
		Planted at 36,000 seeds/ac	184 a	
100600	0	Planted at 38,000 seeds/ac	184 a	0.56
190609	9	Planted at 20,000 seeds/ac	100 a	0.36
100715	10	Planted at 32,000 seeds/ac	1/1 a	0.15
190/15	10	Planted at 30,000 seeds/ac	213 a	0.15
		Planted at 32,000 seeds/ac	222 a	
		Planted at 34,000 seeds/ac	225 a 211 -	
100716	11	Planted at 30,000 seeds/ac	211 a	0.42
190/10	11	Figure at 34,000 secus/ac	223 a	0.45
		I TAILED AT 57,000 SECUS/AC	219 a	

Table 2. Yields for on-farm corn and soybean plant population trials in 2019.

<sup>a</sup>Values denoted with the same letter within a trial are not statistically different at the significance level of 0.05. <sup>b</sup>P-value = the calculated probability that the difference in yields can be attributed to the treatments and not other factors. For example, if a trial has a P-value of 0.10, then we are 90 percent confident the yield differences are in response to treatments. For P = 0.05, we would be 95 percent confident.