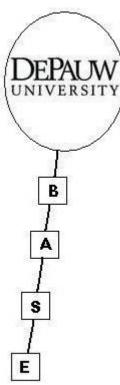
A Multi-wavelength Photometer System



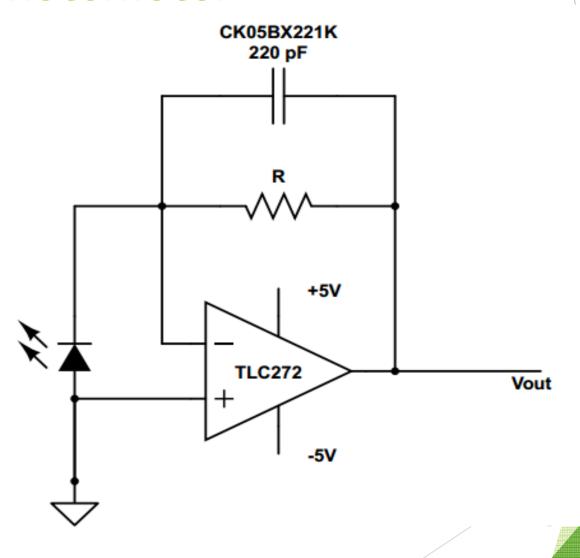
Balloon Assisted Stratospheric Experiments Ellie Hoover

Tao Qian

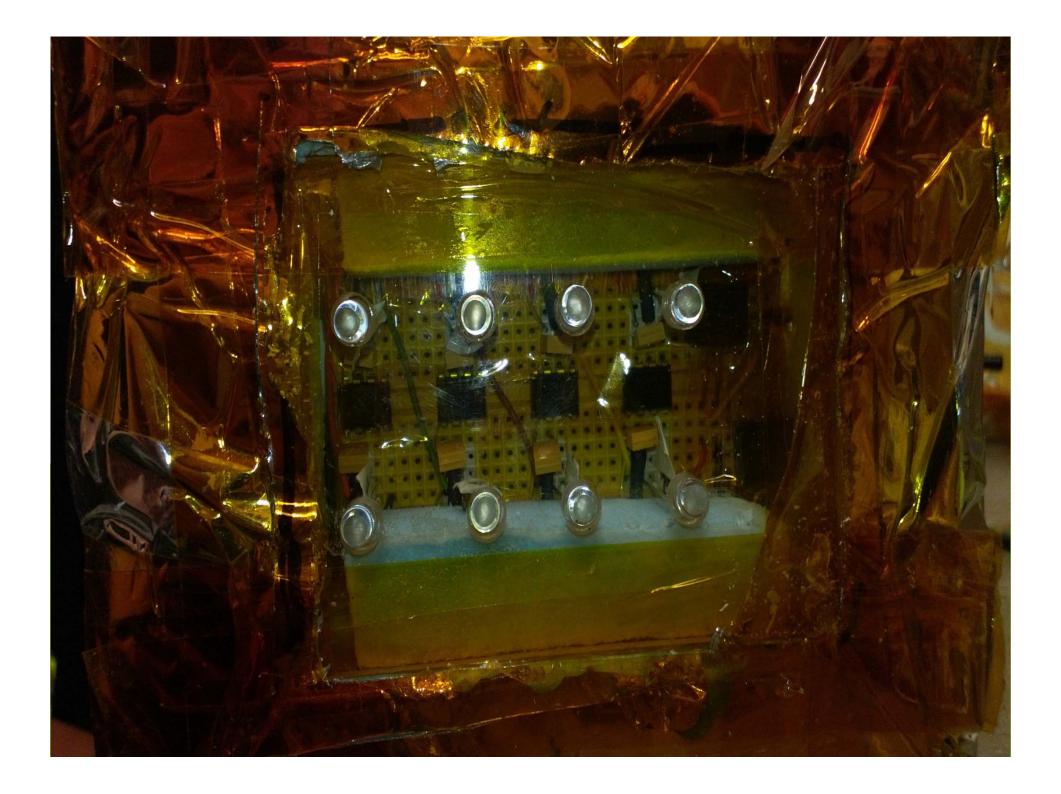
Advisor: Dr. Howard Brooks

LED

LED Photometer



http://www.nearsys.com/catalog/sensor/1photoplan.pdf



Resistors Used

			\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \
Experiment LED	BASE 71	BASE 72	BASE 73
Infrared	30 ΜΩ	270 kΩ	1 ΜΩ
Red	30 ΜΩ	270 kΩ	1 ΜΩ
Yellow (1)	30 ΜΩ	270 kΩ	1 ΜΩ
Yellow (2)	30 ΜΩ	270 kΩ	5 ΜΩ
Green	30 ΜΩ	1 ΜΩ	1 ΜΩ
Blue	30 ΜΩ	1 ΜΩ	5 ΜΩ
Violet	30 ΜΩ	30 ΜΩ	30 ΜΩ
Ultraviolet	30 ΜΩ	30 ΜΩ	30 ΜΩ

New LEDs

In the flight on Wednesday, we used four new LEDs with the following wave length:

351 nm (UVA)

400 nm (Violet)

830 nm (IR)

940 (IR)

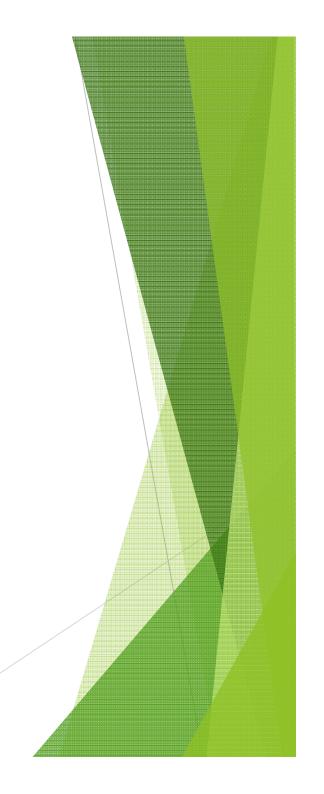
New LEDs

Water vapor absorbs more 940nm light than 830nm

-> measure intensity of water vapor

Ozone absorbs more 351nm light than 400nm

-> measure intensity of ozone

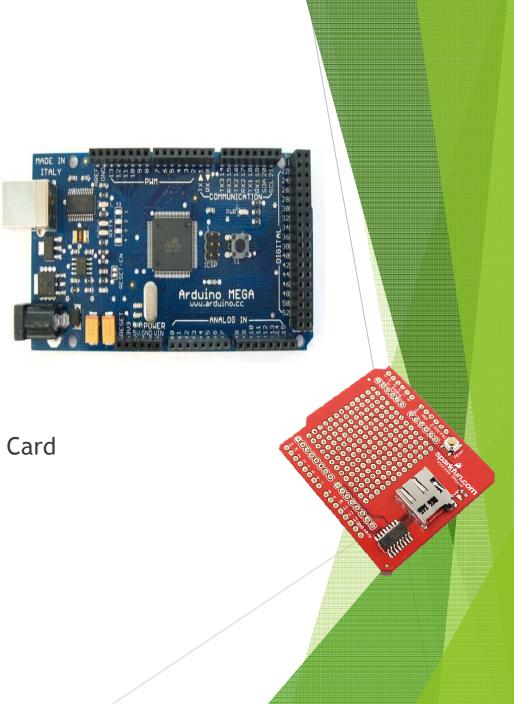


Microcontroller

Arduino Mega 2560 R3

5 mV accuracy

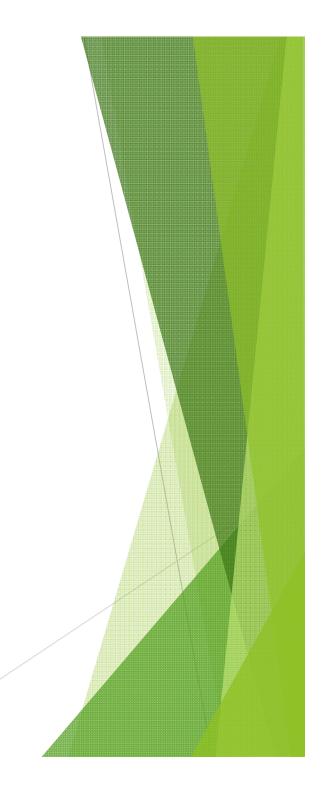
SD card shield with a 2G Micro SD Card



Compass & GPS

A tilt compensated compass (LSM303DLH)

GPS receiver (GPS-11466)

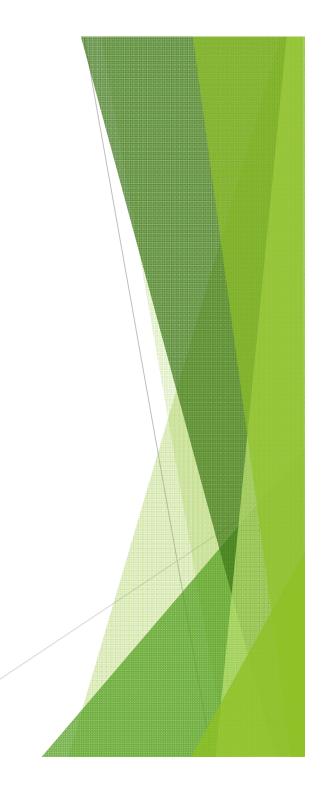


Data Collected

15 MB because of taking data 8 times/s

Averaged readings from LEDs and compass

1.5MB after processing



Visualization of Flight Data

Source code for data visualization/analysis program can be found at:

https://github.com/qtstc/Data-Visualization-for-Balloon-Assisted-Stratospheric-Experiments

Future Work

Use filters

Use other light sensors

Analyze the data

